

# Advancing Microwave-Based Imaging Techniques for Medical Applications in the Wake of the 5G Revolution

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Special Session  
CS33 Horizon 2020 research and innovation session (EMERALD):  
ElectroMagnetic imaging for a novel genERation of medical  
Devices

(<http://www.msca-emerald.eu/>)



# OUTLINE

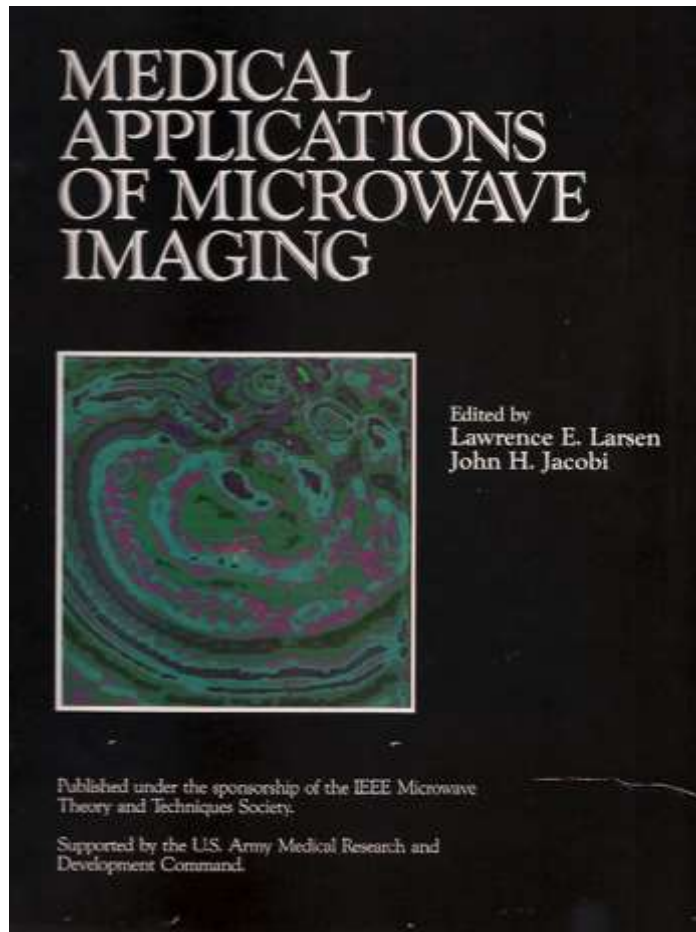
- FEW QUESTIONS ON MICROWAVE-BASED IMAGING FOR MEDICAL APPLICATIONS
- PART I: WHERE ARE WE ARRIVED ?
- PART II: WHAT COULD BE TRIED/DONE ?
- CONCLUSIONS

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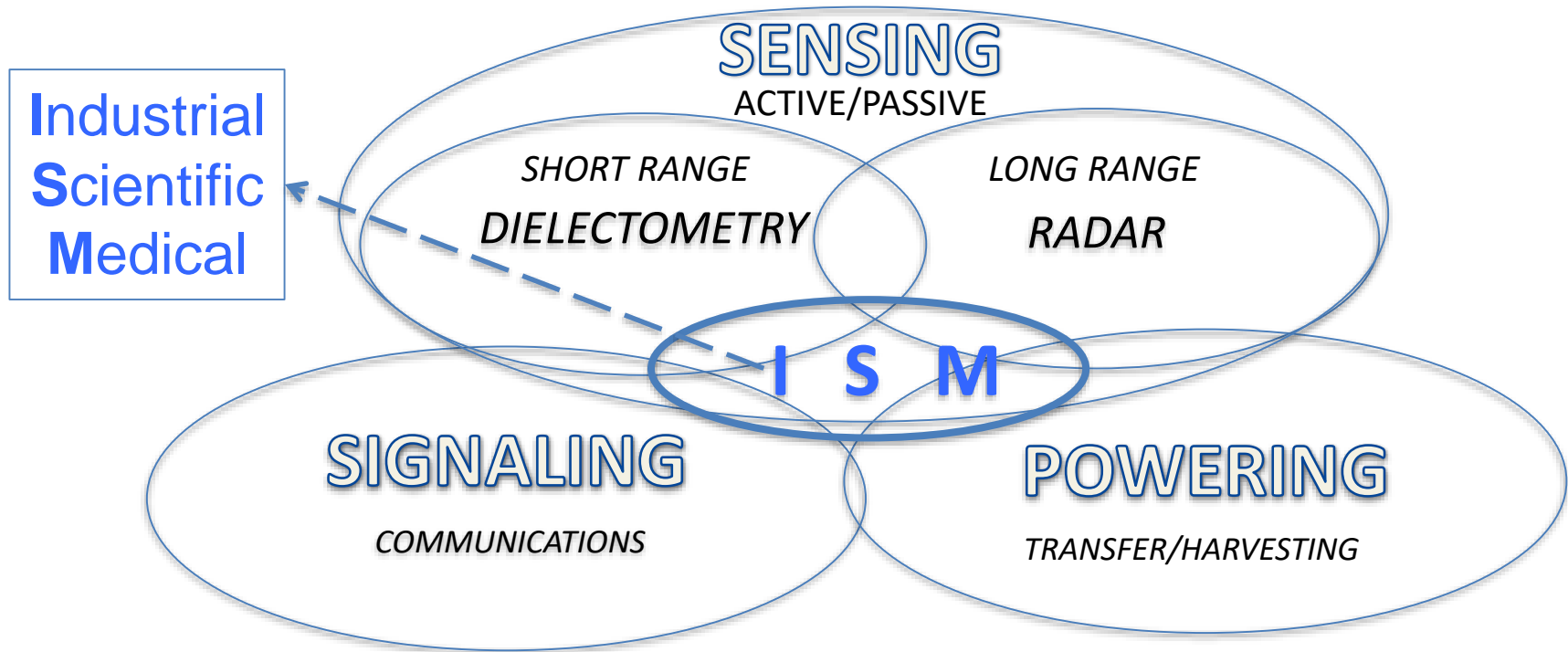


# MICROWAVE-BASED MEDICAL IMAGING FACTS AND QUESTIONS ...



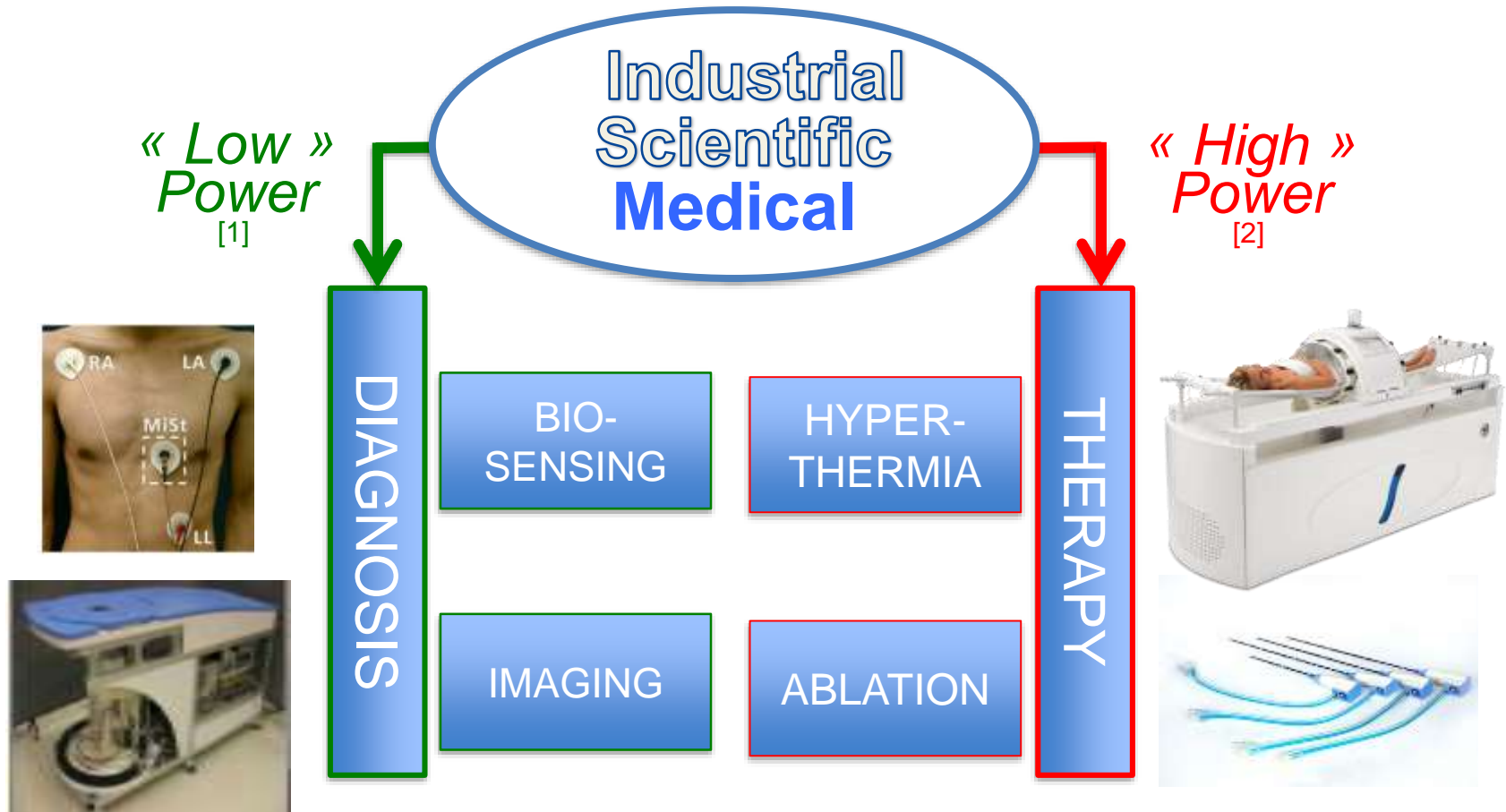
- SINCE EARLY 80's... "MICROWAVES ARE CLAIMED TO OFFER PROMISES AS IMAGING MODALITY"  
L.E. Larsen and J.H. Jacobi  
(*Diagnostic Imaging in Clinical Medicine*, 11, 44-47, 1982)
- WHAT EXACTLY MICROWAVES ARE PROMISING OF ? AND BY WHEN ?
- INDEED, ALMOST 40 YEARS LATER, MICROWAVES ARE STILL CLAIMING TO OFFER PROMISES... BUT ONLY GAINED A MODEST CLINICAL ACCEPTANCE
- IN FACT, THE JOURNEY WAS MORE COMPLICATED THAN EXPECTED BUT THE RESULTS COLLECTED FROM RECENT CLINICAL TRIALS SEEMS SUGGESTING A POSSIBLE EXIT OF THE TUNNEL...

# SIMPLIFIED CLASSIFICATION CHART OF MICROWAVE-BASED APPLICATIONS



MICROWAVE ISM APPLICATIONS AT THE CROSS-ROAD OF SIGNALING/SENSING/POWERING TECHNOLOGIES

# VARIOUS ASPECTS OF MICROWAVES FOR MEDICAL APPLICATIONS



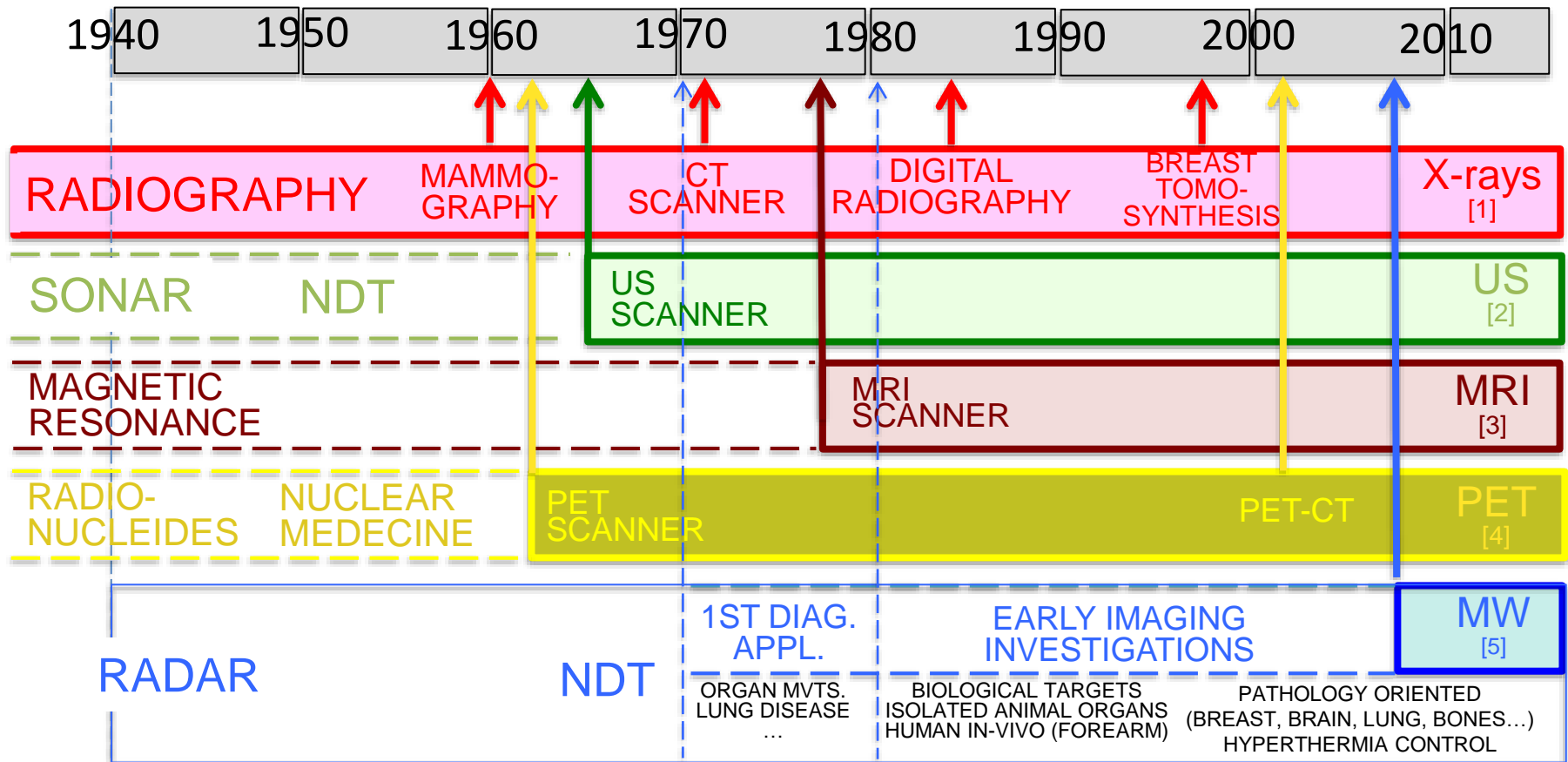
[1] M.F. Iskander and C.H. Durney, "Electromagnetic Techniques for Medical Diagnosis: a Review", *Proc. IEEE*, 68, 226-132, Jan. 1980

[2] A.W. Guy, "History of Biological Effects and Medical Applications Of Microwave Energy", *IEEE Trans. MTT-32*, 226-132, Sept. 1984

MICROWAVE-BASED MEDICAL IMAGING  
IS THE "LAST COMER" ISM APPLICATION

# TIME LINE OF MAJOR IMAGING MODALITIES

## MICROWAVES AS “LAST COMER”



[1] R. Ciernak, “X-Ray Computed Tomography in Biomedical Engineering”, Springer-Verlag London Limited, 2011

[2] J. Woo, “A short history of the Real-time ultrasound scanner”, <http://www.ob-ultrasound.net/history-realtime.html>

[3] T. Geva, “Magnetic Resonance Imaging: Historical Perspective”, *Journ. Cardiovascular Magnetic Resonance*, 8, 573-580, 2006

[4] G. Bernal, “History of PET scanners”, <http://large.stanford.edu/courses/2014/ph241/bernal1/>

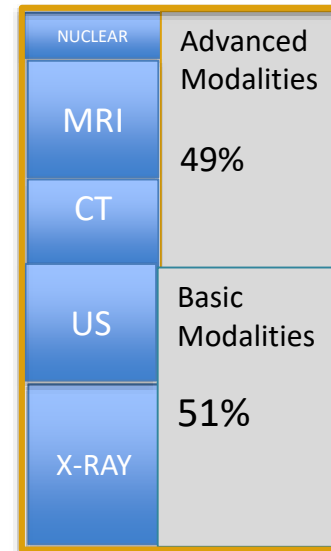
[5] J.Ch. Bolomey, “Crossed Viewpoints on Microwave-based Imaging for Medical Diagnosis: From Genesis to Earliest Clinical outcomes”, in *The World of Applied Electromagnetics*, A. Lakhtakia, C.M. Furse (eds), Springer 2018

# GLOBAL VIEW OF MEDICAL IMAGING MARKET

## WHAT PLACE FOR MICROWAVES ?

### • SALIENT MARKET FEATURES:

- Global Market size worth 29.48 billions and projected to reach 46.18 by 2024,
- Market growth supported by the rise of geriatric population and the increased prevalence of CV diseases,
- Expected Growth Rate: 6.56%, over the forecast period 2016 - 2024
- X-ray first; fastest growth expected for CT/PET (earlier disease detection),
- Larger growth expected for emerging markets.
- Global market shared by only a few big companies.



### MEDICAL IMAGING EQUIPMENT MARKET

(Transparency Market Research, [transparencymarketresearch.com](http://transparencymarketresearch.com))

### GLOBAL MEDICAL IMAGING MARKET

(Pictures of the Future, *Medical Imaging: Facts and Forecasts*, [siemens.com](http://siemens.com))

### • KEY GROWTH DRIVERS:

- Miniaturization and portability, ✓
- Digitization of measured data, ✓
- Hybrid imaging systems, ✓
- Use of non-ionizing modalities, ✓
- Non-invasive and easy-to-use equipment, ✓
- Inexpensive, energy saving, ergonomic medical equipment with low maintenance requirements ... ✓

**A PRIORI  
MICROWAVES  
LOOK ALMOST  
PERFECT**



**BUT, A  
POSTERIORI...  
NOT SO SIMPLE !**

# MICROWAVES AS “CHALLENGER” TECH ?

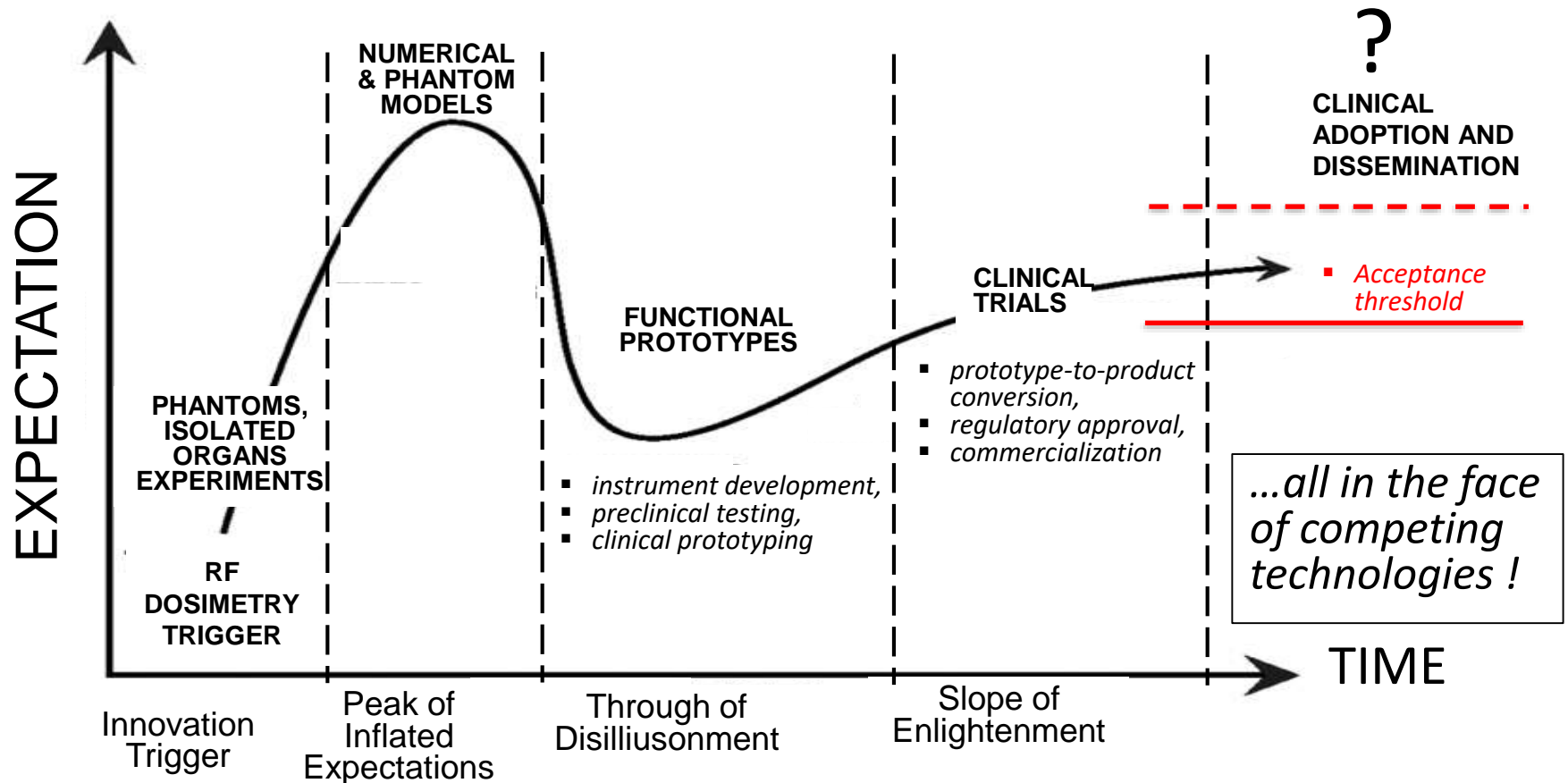
<b>Comparison of 'challenger' breast screening technologies</b>				
<b>Measure</b>	<b>DBT</b>	<b>ABUS</b>	<b>MRI</b>	<b>'Challenger' tech</b>
<b>Commercially available in EU</b>	Yes	Yes	Yes	--
<b>Cost of system</b>	200K-275K euros	175K-250K euros	1M+ euros	10K-300K euros
<b>Clinical evidence for screening</b>	Mid/high	Mid/low	Mid	Low
<b>No. of vendors with product</b>	5+	3	5+	< 5 per segment
<b>Maturity of technology</b>	>+++	+	++++	+

From: Stephen Holloway, AuntMinnie.com contributing writer March 6, 2019  
*“DBT is well-positioned as successor in European breast screening”*  
 European Congress of Radiology, Vienna, Feb. 27 – March 3, 2019



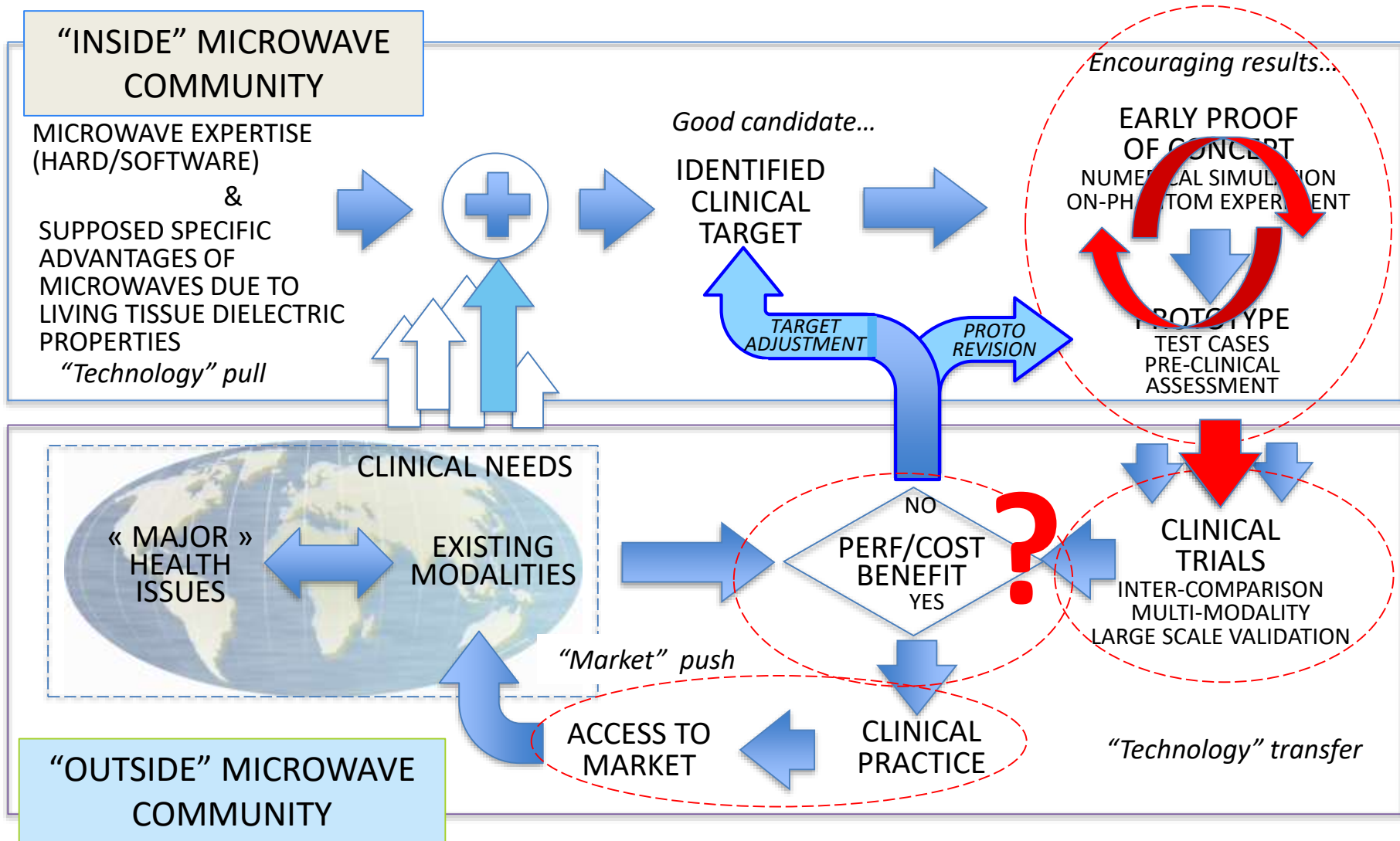
# HYPE CYCLE FOR EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES

## APPLICATION TO MICROWAVE-BASED MEDICAL IMAGING



(Adapted from <https://www.gartner.com/en/research/methodologies/gartner-hype-cycle>)

# DEVELOPMENT FLOW-CHART FOR MICROWAVE-BASED IMAGING



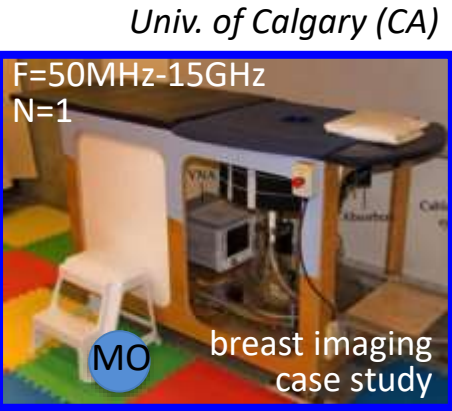
# MICROWAVE SCANNERS FOR EARLY IN-VIVO IMAGING SOME EXAMPLES...

Carolinas Heart Inst (USA).

Keele Univ. (UK)

INVERSE SCATTERING (TOMOGRAPHY)  
T

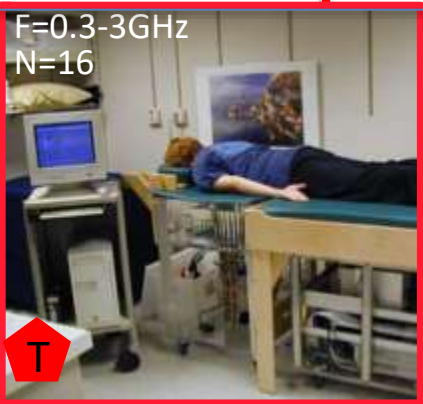
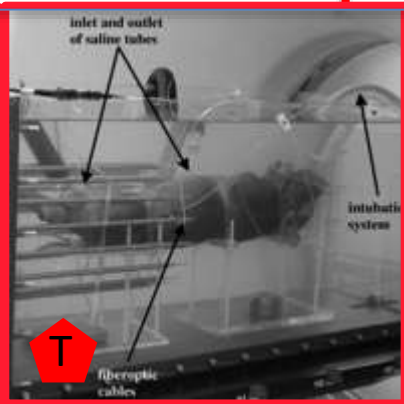
RADAR  
MU MULTI-VIEW  
MO MONO-VIEW



human forearm

NIT on animal

breast imaging on volunteers and patients



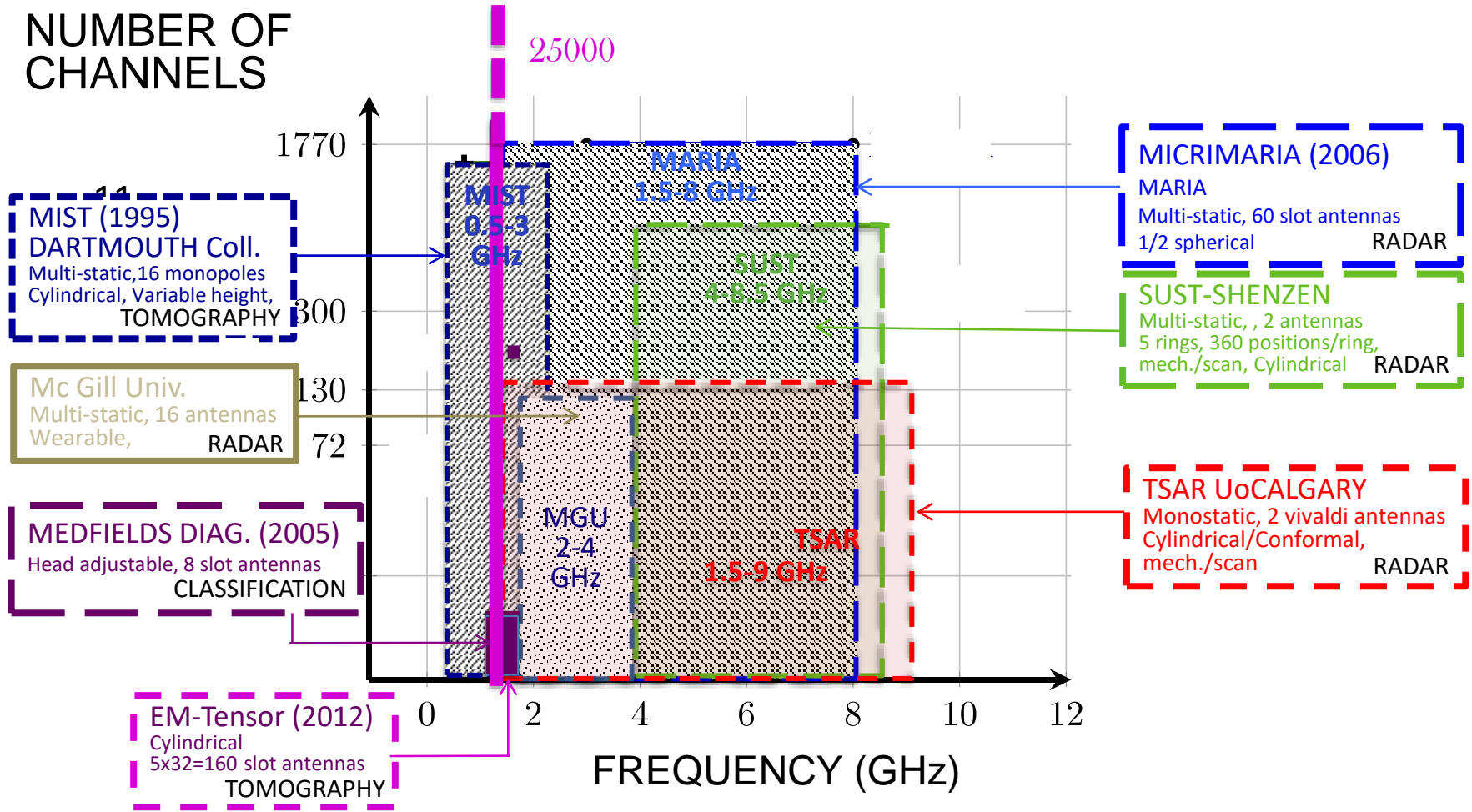
UPC Barcelona (SP)

Thayer School of Engng. Dartmouth (USA)

Univ. of Bristol (UK)

McGill Univ (CA).

# MICROWAVE IMAGING SYSTEMS ENGAGED IN (PRE)CLINICAL TRIALS MANY DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESS MODALITIES



Adapted from: "Microwave Breast Imaging: Clinical Advances and Remaining Challenges", D. O'Loughlin, M. O'Halloran, B.M. Moloney et al.; IEEE Transactions on Biomedical Engineering ( Volume: 65 , Issue: 11 , Nov. 2018 )

# WHAT HAS ALREADY EMERGED ?

OUTCOMES

**A FEW OPERATIONAL SYSTEMS ENGAGED IN CLINICAL TRIALS :**

- \* BREAST, BRAIN, BONES, LUNG
- \* ENCOURAGING " SENSITIVITY
- \* SPECIFICITY TO BE VALIDATED

- **SIGNIFICANT ACHIEVEMENTS**

- \* EXTENSIVE NUMERICAL AND EXPERIMENTAL MODELING,
- \* RECONSTRUCTION ALGORITHMS (TOMOGRAPHY, RADAR, HOLOGRAPHY),
- \* TISSUE CHARACTERIZATION,
- \* PROTOTYPE DEVELOPMENT,
- \* PHANTOM DEVELOPMENT/EXPERIMENT,
- \* ETC...

- **BUT...**

**SOME PERSISTENTLY "OPEN" ISSUES:**

- \* LACK OF SYNTHESIS AND BENCHMARKING
- \* A PRIORI INFORMATION
- \* DIELECTRIC CHARACTERIZATION
- \* PATIENT INTERFACE OPTIMIZATION
- \* IMAGE RELEVANCE (SPECIFICITY)

EFFORTS

**WHAT COULD BE TRIED / DONE ?  
LOOK AT EMERAD PROGRAM... AND THREE SUGGESTIONS**

# “BETTER” DATA ACQUISITION TECHNIQUES

- EXPLOITING ALREADY EXISTING OR SUPPOSEDLY RAPIDLY AVAILABLE MICROWAVE TECHNOLOGIES FOR OBTAINING “BETTER” DATA ACQUISITION TECHNIQUES:
  - INTRODUCING THE BEST OF WIRELESS TECHNOLOGIES USED FOR EXISTING COMMUNICATION, RADAR, SENSOR GRID SYSTEMS (MODULATION/DEMODULATION SCHEMES, OFDM, MIMO PROCESSING,...)
  - APPLICATION-DEDICATED AND/OR PATIENT ADAPTIVE OPTIMIZATION OF THE PROBE ARRAY
  - INCREASING DYNAMIC RANGE TO REDUCE MULTI-PATH CORRUPTION
  - TAKING PROFIT OF 5G, IoT OR IoE DEVELOPMENTS (MINIATURIZATION, ARRAYS OF INTEGRATED PROBES, ...)
  - REDUCING FABRICATION/EXPLOITATION/MAINTENANCE COSTS BY MEANS OF APPROPRIATE ARCHITECTURES

# MICROWAVES MM-WAVES SPECTRUM MEDICAL IMAGING VS 5G FREQUENCY BANDS



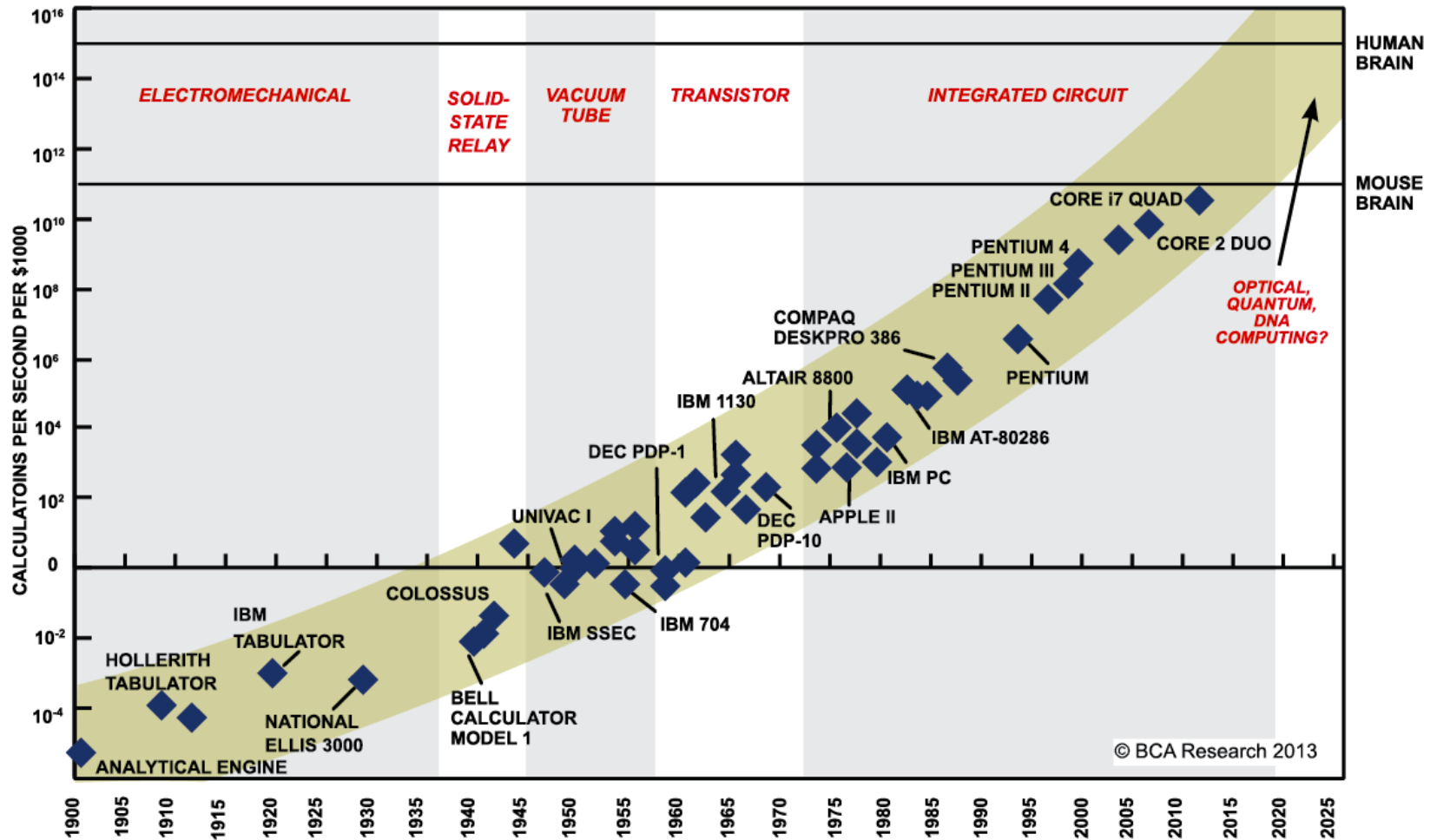
## SUGGESTION 2

# “BETTER” DATA PROCESSING AND ALGORITHMS

- EXPLOITING/ANTICIPATING GROWING COMPUTING POWER
  - RADAR: TOWARD REAL-TIME, FAST PRE/POST PROCESSING
  - INVERSE-SCATTERING IMAGING: DECREASING MODEL NOISE, FULL 3D ACCURATE MODELING (INCLUDING INTERACTIONS AND MUTUAL COUPLING...)
  - INCREASING AMOUNT OF DATA
  - IMPROVING SPATIAL RESOLUTION
  - QUANTUM COMPUTERS ? BEYOND MOORE’S LAW ?
- USING OTHER IMAGING MODALITIES
  - A PRIORI INFORMATION (WHEN NEEDED)
  - MICROWAVE DATA FUSION WITH OTHER MODALITIES FOR AI/ML/DL ALGORITHMS
- CONSIDERING “NON IMAGING-BASED” MICROWAVE SENSING PROTOCOLS (SENSOR NETWORKS GRIDS, ARTIFICIAL/AUGMENTED INTELLIGENCE, MACHINE LEARNING, CLASSIFICATION, NEURAL NETWORKS, ETC.)



# MOORE'S LAW EXTRAPOLATIONS OF COMPUTATIONAL POWER



SOURCE: RAY KURZWEIL, "THE SINGULARITY IS NEAR: WHEN HUMANS TRANSCEND BIOLOGY", P.67, THE VIKING PRESS, 2006. DATAPPOINTS BETWEEN 2000 AND 2012 REPRESENT BCA ESTIMATES.

# INCREASING INTERACTIONS WITH BIOLOGISTS AND “END-USER” MEDICAL COMMUNITY

- RETURNING TO BASIC MW/BIO INVESTIGATIONS
  - TISSUE DIELECTRIC CHARACTERIZATION (LOCAL PROBE, MRI, SCANNING MICROSCOPY,...)
  - PHYSICAL OR HEURISTIC MODELS FOR FREQUENCY DEPENDENCE
  - FOCUSING ON DIELECTRIC SPECIFICITY AND SENSITIVITY ASSESSMENTS
  - QUANTIFYING DIELECTRIC IMAGES IN TERMS OF BIO-PHYSIOLOGICAL FACTORS
- INCREASING INTERACTIONS WITH “END USER” MEDICAL COMMUNITY
  - IDENTIFYING REAL NEEDS AND LOOKING FOR THE MOST MICROWAVE-FRIENDLY AND CLINICALLY RELEVANT SCENARIOS
  - CASE BY CASE VALIDATION THANKS TO LARGE SCALE /MULTIMODALITY CLINICAL ASSESSMENT CAMPAIGNS
  - GUIDING TECHNICAL ADVANCES BY CLINICAL RETURNS
  - HYBRIDIZING WITH OTHER MODALITIES
  - FOLLOWING UP IMPROVEMENT OF OTHER IMAGING MODALITIES: MAN-PORTABLE MRI, DIGITAL TOMOSYNTHESIS, LOW-DOSE PHASE CONTRAST X-RAYS, ETC.
  - NOT UNDERESTIMATING THE CHANGES IN THE MEDICAL PRACTICE INDUCED BY AI / ML DEVELOPMENTS
  - ATTENDING MEDICAL MEETINGS, LOOKING AT MEDICAL JOURNALS, ETC.

# FUTURE MEDICAL IMAGING FACING REVOLUTIONARY AI AND ML CHALLENGES (EXAMPLES)

- **“Look Ahead: The Future of Medical Imaging”**  
James H. Thrall, radiology imaging, August 1, 2015

RSNA News

- **“How Artificial Intelligence Will Change Medical Imaging”**  
D. Fornel, artificial intelligence, February 2017
- **“What is the Future of Medical Imaging Equipment ?”**  
M. Taschetta-millane, radiology imaging, July 2018
- **“Technologies to Watch in Breast Imaging”**  
J. Zagoudis, radioimaging, July 2018



- **“Artificial Intelligence in Radiology: Hype or Hope ?”**  
M.B. Massat, pp. xx-yy, March, 2018
- **“A Promising future for AI in breast cancer screening”**  
M. B. Massat, pp. 22-25, September 2018
- **“Demystifying Artificial Intelligence”**  
Part I, **“Simplifying AI and Machine Learning”**, E. Siegel, pp. 26-28, May, 2018  
Part II, **“An Imaging Tool Ready to Explode”**, L.N. Tanenbaum, pp. 26-27, July 2018  
Part III, **“Going Beyond Escape”**, R.B. Shrestha, pp. 8-11, November 2018



- **“Machine (Deep) Learning Methods for Image Processing and Radiomics”**, M. H. Latim, C. Parmar, J. Qil, I. el Naqa  
Vol. 3, pp.104-107, March 2019

[SPECIAL ISSUE ON MACHINE LEARNING FOR IMAGE PROCESSING AND RADIOMICS](#)

IEEE Trans. Radiation and Plasma Medical Sciences



## CONCLUSIONS

- AFTER A LONG MATURATION PERIOD, MICROWAVE-BASED IMAGING SYSTEMS ARE BEGINNING TO PROVIDE CLINICAL RESULTS
- FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS MUST:
  - TAKING PROFIT OF 5G TECHNOLOGY AND DEEP LEARNING ALGORITHMS
  - ACCOUNTING FOR THE EVOLUTION OF THE MEDICAL PRACTICE, MORE PARTICULARLY IMAGING MODALITIES UNDER THE IMPACT OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
- DUE TO THEIR NECESSARY SPECIFICITY, NEW SYSTEMS MUST BE FOCUSED ON REAL CLINICAL NEEDS FOR:
  - COMPLETING/SUPPLEMENTING OTHER IMAGING MODALITIES
  - ADDRESSING SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR DEVELOPPING COUNTRIES

